



CORPORATE DIRECTORY

DIRECTORS OF Michael Tobin B.E., MBA, DFS, FAICD Managing Director

David Pullini B.E., MBA, GDAFI.

Director

NOTICE OF ANNUAL The Annual General Meeting of GENERAL MEETING Vantage Private Equity Growth 2

Will be held via video conference

Date: 23 November 2023

Time: 10:00am

PRINCIPAL REGISTERED

OFFICE IN AUSTRALIA

Level 39, Aurora Place
88 Phillip Street
Sydney NSW 2000

AUDITORS Ernst & Young
The EY Centre

200 George Street Sydney NSW 2000

SOLICITORS Corrs Chambers Westgarth

Level 17, 8 Chifley 8/12 Chifley Square Sydney NSW 2000

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VPEG2A



TRUSTEE AND MANAGERS' REPORT

The Directors of Vantage Asset Management Pty Limited ("Vantage"), the Trustee of Vantage Private Equity Growth Trust 2A ("Fund" or "VPEG2A") present this report together with the financial statements of VPEG2A for the financial year ended 30 June 2023.

DIRECTORS

The following persons are the Directors of Vantage:

Michael Tobin

Managing Director

David Pullini

Director

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the Fund is the investment in professionally managed Private Equity funds focused on investing in the later expansion and buyout stages of Private Equity in Australia and New Zealand.

The principal objective of the Fund is to provide investors with the benefit of a well-diversified Private Equity investment portfolio. This is achieved by focusing on providing the majority of its commitments and investments to underlying funds that invest in businesses that are at a more mature stage of development and, in particular, the later expansion and buyout stages of Private Equity investment.

As at 30 June 2023 the Fund held investment commitments in eight Private Equity funds managed by Australian and New Zealand headquartered Private Equity fund managers.



FUND PERFORMANCE HIGHLIGHTS FOR FY2023

- \$0.68m in additional capital drawn by underlying Private Equity funds.
- 7 underlying company investments sold delivering an average gross 2.5x multiple of invested capital.
- A total of 55 underlying company investments completed, with 31 exits now realised.
- \$6.77m in total distributions received from underlying funds during the financial year
- \$5.96m in total distributions paid to all VPEG2A Unitholders during the financial year.
- \$0.32m Net Profit for the financial vear ended 30 June 2023.
- 19.0% p.a. after fees Annualised Return delivered by VPEG2A since inception to 30 June 2023.

DISTRIBUTIONS TO UNIT HOLDERS

A distribution of **\$4,061,252** (**\$0.15/unit**) was paid to all VPEG2A unitholders in September 2022 as a result of the completed exits of two underlying company investments in the portfolio, including Mining Services Technology by Odyssey Private Equity Fund 8 and NZ Bus by Next Capital III.

A distribution of **\$1,895,251 (\$0.07/unit)** was paid to all VPEG2A unitholders in February 2023 following the completed exits of MessageMedia and FiftyFive5 by Mercury Capital 2, as well as distributions received by a number of other investments in the portfolio.

As a result, total distributions paid to all VPEG2A unitholders since inception to 30 June 2023 totaled \$38,156,999 (\$1.409/unit).

AUSTRALIA/NEW ZEALAND ECONOMIC REVIEW

Financial Year 2023 saw central banks attempt to address inflation with the sharpest rate hike cycle experienced since the early 1990s. This quick response in tightening monetary markets eventually led to a slowdown in economic activity across many large developed economies, including Australia and New Zealand. Unforeseen, the impact of these rate increases was much slower and shallower than expected, given the resilient consumer savings threshold, solid corporate earnings and continued tightness in labour markets.

However, Australia and New Zealand continued to experience the problems associated with inflation. For Australia, the prevailing 12-month period to 30 June 2023 saw inflation running at a modest 6.0%, which was a modest improvement from the reported 7.0% in the prior quarter and a further step-down from its peak at 8.4% in December 2022.

Although prices continued to rise for most goods and services, there were declines in travel, accommodation, and fuel prices. Economists have expressed concerns that inflation will remain higher for longer than expected. Still, they are encouraged by the fact that price increases, while continuing to grow, did so at a lower rate than in previous months. If this trend holds for the balance of the year inflation should be down to 4.0% by the end of 2023 and to 3.0% sometime in 2024. The RBA has stated that it believes inflation will be back within range during 2025.



AUSTRALIA/NEW ZEALAND ECONOMIC REVIEW (CONT.)

New 7ealand's scenario was somewhat similar to Australia's, however rate hikes had an earlier effect. For the 12-month period to 30 June 2023, New Zealand's inflation was running at 6.0%, the same number recorded as Australia. The greatest contributors to annual inflation over the year in New Zealand came from higher costs associated with the purchase of new property, grocery food prices and passenger transport services. Within passenger transport services, it was predominantly due to an increase in international air transport costs. The RBNZ target rate for New Zealand is between 1% and 3%, while the band for Australia is between 2% and 3%. Like Australia, the expectation is that inflation has also peaked in New Zealand but will take between 12 and 18 months to get to the RBNZ target.

Factors that have driven the rise of inflation in Australia and New Zealand have included higher energy and food costs as well as a surge in housing costs. The property market in NZ has been described as a "bubble" but has seen a sharp reversal with the price of housing in Auckland and Wellington falling in some cases between 20% and 25%. With New Zealand being one of the first developed countries to raise interest rates the outcome was to be expected. Australia continues to see a strong property market with prices remaining higher than expected. Although signs of mortgage stress have increased and listings are growing the limited amount of stock for sale has kept prices high.

The RBNZ was one of the first central banks to appreciate the threat of inflation. Accordingly, it was one of the first to raise rates and it is remains amongst the most resolute in its course of action.

The RBNZ made its first rate rise in August 2021 and has made 12 subsequent rises with the Official Cash Rate now at 5.50%. With inflation showing some signs of slowing the RBNZ decided to keep rates on hold when they last met in July.

A year ago, the expectation was that rates in New Zealand would peak around 4.5% to 4.75%. With inflation running much higher than expected and the labour market being unsustainably tight, the RBNZ clearly felt that even higher rates were needed. New Zealand's rates are now amongst the highest of any developed economy.

As a result, the New Zealand property market has experienced extreme volatility over the past three years. During the pandemic, house prices appreciated by as much as 50% reflecting shortage of supply and the low cost of credit. When the RBNZ began its aggressive rate tightening cycle in November 2021 prices of homes started to fall rapidly. Supply of new buildings remained tight, due to what was estimated to be a 35% increase in building costs, driven by a combination of raw material and labour shortages. As reported earlier these conditions have seen prices correct sharply and the market becoming a buyers' one.

While the bubble has clearly been burst and the reduction in prices has restored to some degree of equilibrium within the market, there are still a number of challenges that are still yet to be dealt with. The biggest of these comes with ongoing and higher levels of mortgage stress being experienced by borrowers. A high percentage of the low fixed rate mortgages will adjust to market in the current year. Many of these that had original fixed rates of 3 – 4% will be reset at rates of 7% or higher. This additional burden will be on top of higher food and energy costs.



AUSTRALIA/NEW ZEALAND ECONOMIC REVIEW (CONT.)

Despite higher interest rates and the impact of higher prices the New Zealand economy had, for the first three quarters of 2022, been performing reasonably well. Indeed, growth for the calendar year 2022 came in at 2.4% with demand for exports of goods rising by a bullish 13% to NZ\$72 billion.

The Q4 2022 result came in much weaker than forecast with the actual result being -0.7%. This compared with a 0.7% growth number being forecast by the RBNZ and suggested that the higher interest rates were already being felt.

The results for Q1 2023 were also negative, albeit on a more modest basis (-0.1%) suggesting that the country is already in a technical in a recession. The weakness in the economy continues to be broadly based with slowing conditions in manufacturing, retail, trade and accommodation. Despite this, unemployment remains very low with the figures for the March quarter being a very modest 3.4%. This was essentially unchanged from the prior quarter and remains uncomfortably tight.

Australia's economic position is broadly similar to New Zealand's with positive growth in 2022 but a distinct slowing in 2023 as the effect of higher interest rates and inputs take effect. In fact, Australia's growth last year at 3.7% was over 1% higher than most other developed countries. Although the IMF is calling for growth to moderate to 1.6% in the current year this is still expected to be higher than many other advanced nations. Unemployment in Australia remains at extremely low levels with the most recent figures for June remaining at 3.5%. During the latest period, almost 33,000 new jobs were created, most of which were full-time. This was described as a "tight" labour market, which is not helping the fight against inflation.

The RBA is expecting these numbers to weaken slowly as the effects of higher interest rates are felt and retail spending falls. At the same time the suggestion is that unemployment may peak at 4.5% during 2024.

Relative to many other developed or advanced economies the outlook for Australia and New Zealand is positive, but not without their challenges. Inflation remains high in both countries, though there are signs it is abating. Although export markets for both countries remain strong, they will not negate the impact of pressures arising from cost of living issues and the inevitable decline in disposable income. New Zealand has already had to deal with the consequences of deflation in house prices but so far this has been avoided in Australia.

AUSTRALIAN AND NEW ZEALAND PRIVATE EQUITY CONDITIONS

Despite a relatively challenging investment environment, there were 18 private equity deals completed in Australia across the 2023 Financial Year. Notably, most of these were at the lower end of the middle market, as limited availability of financing and tighter covenants impacting deal execution for large buyouts were prominent.

VPEG2's underlying managers have reported a noteworthy surge in inbound intermediated origination activity over the course of the last six months as investors seek to acquire resilient private equity backed assets. This suggests a positive environment for VPEG2's underlying managers to exit portfolio companies that have achieved their investment objectives and are demonstrating sustainable maintainable earnings. VPEG2's underlying managers report that they are in ongoing discussions and negotiations for the exit of a number of portfolio companies, which are expected to be completed over the next three to six months, ultimately delivering further returns to VPEG2 investors



REVIEW OF VPEG2A'S OPERATIONS

VPEG2A is one of the Private Equity funds managed by Vantage, which is a leading independent investment management company with expertise in Private Equity, funds management, manager selection and operational management.

VPEG2A comprises one half of a twin trust structure (in conjunction with Vantage Private Equity Growth Trust 2B) which are Australian unit trusts. The Fund's investment objective for its Investment Portfolio is to achieve attractive medium to long-term returns on Private Equity investments while keeping the volatility of the overall investment portfolio low.

This is achieved by investing across a highly diversified portfolio of Private Equity assets with diversification obtained by allocating investment commitments across manager, geographic region, financing sage, industry sector and vintage year.

Given the stage of the fund and its' underlying investments, VPEG2A managers are now in their harvesting phase, seeking to realise the value that they've added through the hold period. During 2023 financial year, the sale of six underlying company investments were completed, which delivered a gross average return of 2.5x multiple of capital, generating an average gross Internal Rate of Return of 24.3% p.a.

PARTLY PAID UNITS ISSUED

The Fund's final close, on 28 May 2015, achieved total investment commitments of \$27,075,010 from investors. The initial issue price for units was \$1 per partly paid unit, which were called to \$0.05 per partly paid unit upon application.

The remainder of the committed capital was progressively paid to the Fund from final close through to September 2019 when the final call of capital from Unitholders was issued, resulting in 100% of each Unitholders Committed Capital paid in full to the Fund.

As at 30 June 2023, VPEG2A had 27,075,010 units on issue with Paid Capital of \$1.00 per unit. During the financial year ended 30 June 2023, no capital was called from VPEG2A unitholders. As a result, total Paid Capital to VPEG2A was \$27,075,010 as at 30 June 2023, representing 100% of Unitholders Committed Capital to the Fund.

UNDERLYING PRIVATE EQUITY FUND COMMITMENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Since the commencement of the investment program, VPEG2A has committed \$38.0m across eight Private Equity funds and completed one co-investment. As at 30 June 2023, these commitments included \$7.6m to Adamantem Capital Fund 1, \$6m to each CPE Capital 8, Next Capital II and Odyssey Private Equity 8, \$4m to Allegro Fund II, \$3.8m to Mercury Capital Fund 2, \$NZ3.0m to Waterman Fund 3 and \$NZ1.5m to Pencarrow Bridge Fund and completed one co-investment into Fitzpatrick Financial Group of \$0.4m.

There were no additional commitments made to existing or new Private Equity funds during the financial year ended 30 June 2023.



VPEG2A'S PRIVATE EQUITY PORTFOLIO AND COMMITMENTS, AS AT 30 JUNE 2023. WERE AS FOLLOWS:

PRIVATE EQUITY FUND NAME	FUND/ DEAL SIZE	VINTAGE YEAR	INVESTMENT FOCUS	VPEG2A COMMITMENT	CAPTIAL DRAWN DOWN	TOTAL NO. OF INVESTEE COMPANIES	NO. OF EXITS
Next Capital Fund III	\$265m	2014	Lower to Mid Market Expansion / Buyout	\$6.0m	\$5.17m	8	6
Allegro Fund II	\$180m	2014	Lower to Mid Market Expansion / Buyout	\$4.0m	\$3.92m	9	6
Mercury Capital Fund 2	\$300m	2015	Lower to Mid Market Expansion / Buyout	\$3.8m	\$3.46m	7	5
CPE Capital 8	\$735m	2016	Mid Market Buyout	\$6.0m	\$5.29m	10	8
Waterman Fund 3	NZ\$200m	2016	Lower to Mid Market Expansion / Buyout	NZ\$3.0m	\$2.30m	4	3
Pencarrow Bridge Fund	NZ\$80m	2016	Lower to Mid Market Expansion / Buyout	NZ\$1.5m	\$1.29m	4	1
Adamantem Capital Fund I	\$591m	2017	Mid Market Expansion / Buyout	\$7.6m	\$6.43m	6	1
Odyssey Fund 8	\$275m	2017	Mid Market Growth Capital	\$6.0m	\$5.24m	6	1
Co-Invest No. 1 (Fitzpatrick Financial Group)	\$200m	2017	Mid Market Expansion	\$0.4m	\$0.44m	1	-
			TOTAL ²	\$38.0m	\$33.54m	55	31

². Assumes an average AUD/NZD exchange rate of 1.1 for VPEG2's investment commitments and draw down to Waterman Fund 3 and the Pencarrow Bridge Fund.

As a result of the continued investment activity by VPEG2A's underlying funds, the total value of funds drawn from VPEG2A into Private Equity investments during the financial year increased from \$32.57m at 30 June 2022 to \$33.54m at 30 June 2023, representing a 2.1% increase in drawn capital from VPEG2A across the year. As a result of the continued investment activity by VPEG2A's underlying funds, the total value of funds drawn from VPEG2A into Private Equity investments during the financial year increased from \$32.57m at 30 June 2022 to \$33.54m at 30 June 2023, representing a 2.1% increase in drawn capital from VPEG2A across the financial year.

The funds were used to cover VPEG2A's share of a number of follow-on investments to support expansion in existing companies, as well as management fees and working capital requirements for each of the underlying managers. As a result, VPEG2A had completed 55 underlying company investments as at 30 June 2023.





The table below provides a summary of the top 10 underlying Private Equity investments in VPEG2A's portfolio, for which funds have been drawn from VPEG2A, as at 30 June 2023. As demonstrated in the table, the top 10 investments in VPEG2A's underlying portfolio represented 62.9% of VPEG2A's total Private Equity Portfolio as at 30 June 2023.

1 Delta Agribusiness Odyssey 8 Provider of Agriculture Products & Independent Rural Services 8.7% 8.7% 2 Hygain Holdings Adamantem Capital I Premium Horse Feed Manufacturer & Distributor 7.3% 16.1% 3 Hellers Adamantem Capital I Producer of Processed Meats in New Zealand 7.3% 23.4% 4 Tamaki Health Group Mercury Capital 2 New Zealand Primary 6.4% 29.8% 5 Lynch Group Next Capital III Plowers & Potted Plants in Australia & China Australia & China Australia & China 5.6% 41.3% 7 Noisette Bakery Next Capital Artisanal Commercial Bakery 5.7% 47.0% 8 FRANKIE4 Odyssey 8 Leading Women's Supportive Footwear Label 5.3% 57.9% 9 Sushi Sushi Odyssey 8 Franchisor & Sushi Retailer 5.3% 57.9% Supplier of Precision Engineered Solutions for Aerospace & 5.0% 62.9%	RANK	INVESTMENT	FUND	DESCRIPTION	% OF VPEG2A'S PRIVATE EQUITY INVESTMENTS	CUMULATIVE %
2 Pty Ltd Capital I Manufacturer & Distributor 7.3% 16.1% 3 Hellers Adamantem Capital I Producer of Processed Meats in New Zealand 7.3% 23.4% 4 Tamaki Health Group Mercury Capital 2 New Zealand Primary Care Operator 6.4% 29.8% 5 Lynch Group Next Capital III Plowers & Potted Plants in Australia & China 5.9% 35.7% 6 Pizza Hut Allegro Fund II Australia's Largest Pizza Chain 5.6% 41.3% 7 Noisette Bakery Next Capital Fund III Artisanal Commercial Bakery 5.7% 47.0% 8 FRANKIE4 Odyssey 8 Leading Women's Supportive Footwear Label 5.6% 52.6% 9 Sushi Sushi Odyssey 8 Franchisor & Sushi Retailer 5.3% 57.9% Supplier of Precision Engineered	1	Delta Agribusiness	Odyssey 8		8.7%	8.7%
Tamaki Health Group Mercury Capital 2 New Zealand Primary Care Operator Mholesaler and Grower of Flowers & Potted Plants in Australia & China Next Capital III Australia's Largest Pizza Chain Next Capital Fund III Artisanal Commercial Bakery Real Markies Meats in New Zealand Australia's Largest Pizza Chain S.9% 41.3% Noisette Bakery Next Capital Fund III Artisanal Commercial Bakery Supportive Footwear Label Supplier of Precision Engineered	2				7.3%	16.1%
4 Group Mercury Capital 2 Care Operator 6.4% 29.8% 5 Lynch Group Next Capital III Wholesaler and Grower of Flowers & Potted Plants in Australia & China 6 Pizza Hut Allegro Fund II Australia's Largest Pizza Chain 5.6% 41.3% 7 Noisette Bakery Next Capital Fund III Artisanal Commercial Bakery 5.7% 47.0% 8 FRANKIE4 Odyssey 8 Leading Women's Supportive Footwear Label 5.6% 52.6% 9 Sushi Sushi Odyssey 8 Franchisor & Sushi Retailer 5.3% 57.9% Supplier of Precision Engineered	3	Hellers			7.3%	23.4%
5 Lynch Group Next Capital III Flowers & Potted Plants in Australia & China 5.9% 35.7% 6 Pizza Hut Allegro Fund II Australia's Largest Pizza Chain 5.6% 41.3% 7 Noisette Bakery Next Capital Fund III Artisanal Commercial Bakery 5.7% 47.0% 8 FRANKIE4 Odyssey 8 Leading Women's Supportive Footwear Label 5.6% 52.6% 9 Sushi Sushi Odyssey 8 Franchisor & Sushi Retailer 5.3% 57.9% Supplier of Precision Engineered	4		Mercury Capital 2		6.4%	29.8%
7 Noisette Bakery Next Capital Fund III Artisanal Commercial Bakery 5.7% 47.0% 8 FRANKIE4 Odyssey 8 Leading Women's Supportive Footwear Label 5.6% 52.6% 9 Sushi Sushi Odyssey 8 Franchisor & Sushi Retailer 5.3% 57.9% Supplier of Precision Engineered	5	Lynch Group	Next Capital III	Flowers & Potted Plants in	5.9%	35.7%
8 FRANKIE4 Odyssey 8 Leading Women's Supportive Footwear Label 5.6% 52.6% 9 Sushi Sushi Odyssey 8 Franchisor & Sushi Retailer 5.3% 57.9% Supplier of Precision Engineered	6	Pizza Hut	Allegro Fund II	Australia's Largest Pizza Chain	5.6%	41.3%
9 Sushi Sushi Odyssey 8 Franchisor & Sushi Retailer 5.3% 57.9% Supplier of Precision Engineered	7	Noisette Bakery		Artisanal Commercial Bakery	5.7%	47.0%
Supplier of Precision Engineered	8	FRANKIE4	Odyssey 8		5.6%	52.6%
	9	Sushi Sushi	Odyssey 8	Franchisor & Sushi Retailer	5.3%	57.9%
Defence Industries	10	Marand	CPE Capital 8	Solutions for Aerospace &	5.0%	62.9%



COMPLETED EXITS DURING FY2023

By Allegro Fund II

 In June 2023, Allegro Fund II announced the sale of Pizza Hut to Flynn Restaurant Group, America's largest restaurant franchise operator.

Allegro partnered with Pizza Hut's CEO Phil Reed and its dedicated management team to execute a successful turnaround over the hold period, transforming the business into a profitable growing network through an unwavering focus on operational excellence and customer satisfaction.

By CPE Capital 8

- During October 2022, CPE Capital 8
 completed the 100% sale of Panthera
 Finance to Brookfield, one of the world's
 largest alternative investment management
 companies. CPE Capital 8 acquired Panthera
 in December 2017, when it invested in loan
 notes issued by Panthera.
- During May 2023, CPE Capital 8
 completed the sale of Dutton Group to
 Sojitz Corporation, a listed Japanese
 conglomerate.

By Mercury Capital Fund 2

In December 2022, Mercury Capital
Fund 2 completed the 100% sale of
Fiftyfive5 to Accenture, a NYSE-listed
global professional services business.
Accenture operates in over 120 countries,
employing 721,000 people and has a market
capitalisation of US\$190bn.

MCF acquired Fiftyfive5 in November 2018, through the merger of FiftyFive5 and GalKal. Across Mercury's investment, management helped drive growth by increasing employee count from 105 to over 200, and generated EBITDA growth of ~130%.

By Next Capital Fund III

 In August 2022, Next Capital Fund III completed the 100% sale of NZ Bus to Kinetic NZ

The successful exit reflected the execution of a broad range of operational and strategic initiatives which have modernised NZ Bus over Next Capital's 2.5 year hold period. Key initiatives included right-sizing the overhead cost base, modernising collective agreements, establishing a long-term leasehold depot network, securing contract extensions to 2027 and leading Australasia in decarbonisation initiatives by committing to acquire 152 electric vehicles (*EVs*) in the medium term.



COMPLETED EXITS DURING FY2023: (CONT.)

By Odyssey Private Equity Fund 8

In July 2022, Odyssey Private Equity
Fund 8 (OPE8), completed the sale of
100% of the shares in Mining Technologies
Holdings Pty Ltd (MST) to Komatsu Ltd,
a leading global organisation, listed on the
Japanese stock exchange with a market
capitalisation of \$33 billion.

Odyssey Fund 8 acquired MST in 2018 via a Management Buyout, partnering with the existing CEO and CFO to buy the business. Over the past four years, Odyssey Private Equity and the management team have positioned MST to be a global leader in the digital technology used in the underground mining space.

By Waterman Fund 3

 In March 2021, Waterman Capital Fund 3 successfully floated My Food Bag on the NZX and the ASX. In line with regulatory rules, Waterman Capital were required to retain a portion of the investment for a prespecified escrow period.

In February 2023, the residual ownership was sold via an off-market transaction, resulting in the complete exit of My Food Bag for Waterman Capital Fund 3 and its investors

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE OF THE FUND

During the financial year, total distribution income received by VPEG2A from underlying Private Equity funds was \$6,769,312, down from \$21,477,077 received in FY22. The breakdown of distributions and interest received for FY23 compared with FY22 is shown in the table below.

SOURCE OF INCOME	FY23	FY22	% CHANGE OVER FY22
Distribution Income received from Underlying Private Equity Funds	\$6,769,312	\$21,417,077	-68.4%
Interest on Cash & Short Term Deposits	\$13,645	\$30	453.8%
TOTAL	\$6,782,957	\$21,417,107	-68.3%

Distributions received from underlying funds during the financial year were in the form of dividends, capital gains, return of capital and other interest income received from underlying company investments. Distributions received were predominately as a result from the exits of MST, FiftyFive5, NZ Bus and Dutton Group.



FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE OF THE FUND (CONT.)

In addition, distributions were also received from further proceeds of previously exited underlying companies MessageMedia, Panthera Finance and My Food Bag as well as other distributions and dividends paid from other underlying companies within the portfolio, including Noisette and Alpha Group.

VPEG2A's total funds invested in cash and term deposits as at 30 June 2023 was \$2,126,722. The spread of liquid investments across cash and term deposits provides interest income on cash held while ensuring an appropriate level of liquidity to meet the Fund's operational expenses and future calls by underlying Private Equity funds, required for further follow-on investments in underlying portfolio companies.

Operational costs incurred by the Fund during the year decreased by 23.4% from \$304,480 in FY22 to \$233,381 at 30 June 2023. The majority of these expenses consisted of costs associated with the management of VPEG2A.

The decrease in operational expenses was primarily due to a reduction in management fees and investment committee fees. In line with the Trust Deed, management fees are calculated on the Aggregated Adjusted Committed Capital which has continuously reduced through the period due to VPEG2A portfolio exits, resulting in a lower management fee charged for the period.

As total distribution income received by VPEG2A across the financial year significantly exceeded the Fund's total operating expenses and fair value movement of the underlying investments, VPEG2A recorded a net profit of \$321,487 for the financial year ended 30 June 2023

The revaluation decrement of \$6,228,089 recognised for the financial year ended 30 June 2023 was primarily the result of the \$6,769,312 distributions received from the underlying investments.

As a result, Net Assets attributable to Unitholders decreased by 19.4% from \$29,101,871 at 30 June 2022 to \$23,466,856 at 30 June 2023, primarily a result of the reduced value of investments due to the various distributions paid-out of underlying funds and subsequently distributed to VPEG2A Unitholders across the year.



CHANGE IN NET ASSET VALUE / UNIT

The graph below details the movement in VPEG2A's Net Asset Value (NAV) per unit since inception through to 30 June 2023.

- A Call of \$0.05 each per partly paid unit drawn from VPEG2A Unit Holders No. 2 (Nov 14), No. 3 (Nov 15), No. 4 (Feb 16), No. 5 (Apr 16), No.6. (Jun 16), No. 8 & No.9 (May 17) & No. 10 (Sept 17).
- B Non cash distribution of \$0.06 per partly paid unit to VPEG2A Unit Holders (Dec 16) as it was offset by simultaneous call for \$0.06 per partly paid unit from VPEG2A Unit Holders (Dec 16).
- C Non cash distribution of \$0.045 per partly paid unit to VPE62A Unit Holders (Nov 17) as it was offset by simultaneous call No. 11 for \$0.12 per partly paid unit from VPE62A Unit Holders (Dec 17). Call No. 12 of \$0.06 per partly paid unit drawn from VPE62A Unit Holders during December 17.
- D Non cash distribution of \$0.025 per partly paid unit to VPEG2A Unit Holders (June 18) offset by simultaneous call No. 13 for \$0.10 per partly paid unit from VPEG2A Uit Holders (June 18).

- **E** Call No. 14 (Aug 18) of \$0.075 per partly paid unit drawn from VPEG2A Unit Holders.
- F Call No. 15 (Dec 18) of \$0.06 per partly paid unit drawn from VPEG2A Unit Holders.
- **G** Call No. 16 (Apr 19) of \$0.06 per partly paid unit drawn from VPEG2A Unit Holders.
- H Final call No. 17 (Sept 19) of \$0.015 per partly paid unit drawn from VPEG2A Unit Holders.
- I Impact of COVID-19.
- **J** Cash distribution of \$0.039 per fully paid unit (October 20).
- K Cash distribution of \$0.08 per fully paid unit (March 21) following MFB exit (Waterman Fund 3).
- L Cash distribution of \$0.29 per fully paid unit (April 21) following exit of Funlab & Lynch Group (Next III), Gourmet Foods (CPECS) and Servian (Adamantem Fund 1).
- M Cash distribution of \$0.07 per fully paid unit (August 21) following exit of iseek (Next III) and Cell Care (CPECS).

- N Cash distribution of \$0.28 per unit December 21 following exit of National Express Products, Hexagon Holdings and Message Media by Mercury Capital Fund 2, The Interiors Grop (formally Carpet Court NZ) by Allegro Fund 2 and Provincial Education Group by Waterman Capital Fund 3.
- Cash distribution of \$0.30 per unit May 2022 following exit of Essano & MMC (Pencarrow); Jaybro & StraitNZ (CPECS); Heritage (Adam) Canopy Healthcare (Waterman); Journey Beyond (Allegro II).
- P Cash distribution of \$0.15 per unit September 2022 following the exits of MST (Odyssey 8) and NZ Bus (Next Capital III).
- Q Cash distribution of \$0.07 per unit February 2023 following the exits of MessageMedia (Mercury 2) and FiftyFive5 (Mercury 2).



2.0

As demonstrated in the graph above, VPEG2A's NAV decrease from \$1.075 / unit at 30 June 2022 to \$0.867 / unit at 30 June 2023. The decrease was due to a significant number of distributions being provided to VPEG2A investors. Over the financial year, a total of \$0.22 / unit cash distribution was paid to investors, resulting from the sale of six portfolio companies, as well as from the dividends and interest received from other underlying funds. During the financial year, no capital was drawn from VPEG2A investors. As a result, total Paid Capital to VPEG2A was \$27,075,010 as at 30 June 2023 representing 100% of Committed Capital to the Fund.

VPEG2's underlying managers value their underlying portfolio of companies in accordance with the International Private Equity Investment Valuation Guide that have been adopted by the Australian Investment Council (AIC). VPEG2's managers adhered to these guidelines to all underlying individual investments that VPEG2 had exposure to at period end.

With 100% of VPEG2A's underlying portfolio companies having been held long enough to be revalued above their initial cost of investment it is expected that net returns to investors will continue to improve as the remainder of the portfolio matures and further exits occur over the term of the Fund. In addition, with a further six companies sold from VPEG2A's underlying portfolio across the past financial year, the total number of exits from the portfolio is now 31. These 31 exits have delivered VPEG2A a gross 3.57x multiple of invested capital, generating a gross average annualised return of 79.4% p.a. across an average hold period of 3.96 years. These exits and distributions paid to VPEG2A Unitholders has subsequently contributed to a total net of all fees Internal Rate of Return (IRR) to VPEG2A Unitholders of 19.0% p.a. since the final close of the Fund on 28 May 2015.

VPEG2A managers continue to harvest the portfolio, realising the value that's been created from VPEG2A underlying manager since the Fund's inception. Vantage anticipates that the number of companies sold from the portfolio will remain steady through the course of 2023 and 2024, delivering continued distributions and ultimately attractive risk adjusted return to VPEG2A Unitholders over the term of the Fund.

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE STATE OF AFFAIRS

During the financial year there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Fund

MATTERS SUBSEQUENT TO THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR

In the opinion of the Directors of the Trustee, no other matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2023 to the date of this report that otherwise has significantly affected, or may significantly affect:

- a) the Fund's operations in future financial years, or
- b) the results of those operations in future financial years, or
- c) the Fund's state of affairs in future financial years.

Details of the Trusts activities will be provided in the VPEG2 September 2023 quarterly investor report to be emailed to all investors during November 2023 and available on the Fund's website at www.vpeg2.info. The manager expects the number of exits within the underlying portfolio to continue as the Private Equity portfolio matures over the coming financial year.





LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS AND EXPECTED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The operations of the Fund will continue as planned with its existing investment operations and add-on investments expected to be made by VPEG2A's underlying private equity funds, as well as an increase in the number of exits from the portfolio.

ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION

The operations of this Fund are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulations under a Commonwealth, State or Territory law.

INFORMATION ON INVESTMENT COMMITTEE MEMBERS

The following persons served of VPEG2A's Investment, Audit and Risk Committee (Investment Committee) during the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report unless otherwise stated below:

Roderick H McGeoch AO, LLB.

Chairman of Investment Committee (Independent)

James Dunning

Commenced 1 August 2022 Independent Investment Committee Member

Michael Tobin

Investment Committee Member and Managing Director Vantage

David Pullini

Investment Committee Member and Director of Vantage

INFORMATION ON INVESTMENT COMMITTEE MEMBERS



RODERICK H. McGEOCH AO, LLB Investment Committee Chairman (Independent)



JAMES DUNNING
FCA, MSC., BSC.
Commenced 1 August 2022
Investment Committee Member
(Independent)

Experience and expertise

Rod is the immediate past Chairman Emeritus of Corrs Chambers Westgarth, a leading Australian law firm and has significant board and advisory experience. His current board positions include; Chairman of Chubb Insurance Australia Limited, Chairman of BGP Holdings PLC, Director of Destination NSW, a Director of Corporation Airports America Inc., Chairman of Shaw Vision Pty Limited and Australia Media Corp Pty Limited. Rod is currently the Honorary Chairman of the Trans-Tasman Business Circle and Deputy Chairman of the Venues New South Wales. Rod was previously a Director of Ramsay Healthcare Limited, a member of the International Advisory board of Morgan Stanley Dean Witter, one of the world's leading financial institutions and also the and Co-Chairman of the Australia New Zealand Leadership Forum.

Rod was also the Chief Executive Officer of Sydney's successful Olympic bid and a Director of the Sydney Organising Committee for the Olympic Games. Rod was awarded membership of the Order of Australia for services to Law and the Community in 1990. In 2013 Rod was made an Officer of the Order of Australia (AO) for distinguished service to the community through contributions to a range of organisations and to sport, particularly through leadership in securing the Sydney Olympic Games.

Special responsibilities

Chairman of the Investment Committee and member of the Audit Committee.

Experience and expertise

James has over 35 years of management, assurance and advisory experience and was a partner for 21 years in PricewaterhouseCoopers financial services practice. He worked principally with ASX200 investment management and real estate clients, as well as consumer, industrial, pharmaceutical and mining businesses.

He has experience in ASX listings, equity and debt raisings, M&A transactions, due diligence and assurance engagements. He was a member of PricewaterhouseCoopers global real estate management team.

He is currently a Director of Pymble Golf Club and a Principal of FinStream P/L, an online education provider to the financial services sector.



MICHAEL TOBIN
B.E., MBA, DFS, FAICD
Investment Committee Member
& Managing Director of Vantage



DAVID PULLINI
BE, MBA, GDAFI.
Investment Committee Member
& Director of Vantage

Experience and expertise

Michael is the Managing Director of Vantage and responsible for the development and management of all private equity fund investment activity at Vantage and its authorised representatives, and has managed Vantage's funds share of investment into over \$7 billion of Australian Private Equity funds resulting in more than \$8 billion of equity funding across 150 underlying portfolio companies.

Michael is also responsible for the operational and compliance management of all Vantage managed funds and investment vehicles.

Michael has over 30 years' experience in private equity management, advisory and investment as well as in management operations.

Michael was formerly Head of Development Capital and Private Equity at St George Bank where he was responsible for the management and ultimate sale of the bank's Commitments and investments in \$140m worth of St George branded private equity funds. Michael also established the bank's private equity advisory business, which structured and raised private equity for corporate customers of the bank.

Michael holds a BE (UNSW), an MBA (AGSM) and a Diploma of Financial Services (AFMA) and is a Fellow of the Australian Institute of Company Directors.

Special responsibilities

Managing Director of Vantage and Executive Member of the Audit Committee.

Experience and expertise

David is a Director of Vantage and has more than 25 years of general management, business development, investment, advisory, acquisitions and divestment experience. David is Chair of Ardea Investment Management, Chair of Humanforce and Chair of Phocas. David is also a Director of Ansarada and Folklore Ventures.

In 2005 David was a founding partner of O'Sullivan Pullini, a firm that became recognised as a leading investment bank in Australia. O'Sullivan Pullini completed M&A transactions worth over A\$10 billion in value across multiple industry sectors and to a broad cross-section of clients. The firm was particularly active in advising in the Private Equity space, including successful advisory mandates for Kohlberg Kravis Roberts (KKR) on the acquisition of the Australian businesses of Cleanaway and Brambles Industrial Services from Brambles Industries, the establishment of a A\$4 billion joint venture with the Seven Network and the later divestment of Cleanaway.

Prior to co-founding O'Sullivan Pullini, David managed international corporate businesses for fifteen years in Australia and Europe. For the eight years David was based in Europe, he managed a portfolio of Brambles European based businesses. David has deep experience and understanding of the key drivers of profitable business growth and the levers of value creation. David holds a BE Hons. (UTS), an MBA (IMD) and a Graduate Diploma of Applied Finance (SIA).

Special responsibilities

Director of Vantage and Executive Member of the Audit Committee.



MEETINGS OF DIRECTORS

The number of meetings of the company's board of directors and of each board committee held during the financial year ended 30 June 2023, and the number of meetings attended by each director were:

DIRECTOR	MEETINGS OF INVESTMENT	T, AUDIT & RISK COMMITTEE B	
Roderick H McGeoch AO*	6	6	
James Dunning* Commenced 1 August 2022	6	6	
Michael Tobin	5	6	
David Pullini	6	6	
A = Number of meetings attended. B = Number of meetings held during the year whilst committee member held office. * = Independent members of investment, audit and risk committee			





INDEMNIFICATION AND INSURANCE OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

During the financial year, the Fund paid a premium of \$6,761 in relation to insurance cover for the Trustee and its Directors and officers and the investment committee members in relation to the operations of VPEG2. Under VPEG2A's trust deed, the Trustee, Vantage Asset Management Pty Limited, may indemnify the investment committee member out of VPEG2A's assets for any loss, damage, expense or other liability incurred by it in properly performing or exercising any of its power, duties or rights in relation to VPEG2A.

PROCEEDINGS ON BEHALF OF THE FUND

No person has applied to the Court to bring proceedings on behalf of the Trustee or intervene in any proceedings to which the Trustee is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Trustee for all or any part of those proceedings.

The Trustee was not a party to any such proceedings during the year.

David Pullini

Director

This report has been made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

Michael Tobin

Managing Director

Sydney 26 October 2023

VPEG2A

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	NOTE	2023 \$	2022 \$
INVESTMENT INCOME			
Distribution income	2	6,769,312	21,417,077
Interest income		13,645	30
Net changes in fair value of investments through profit or loss	5а	(6,228,089)	15,428,771)
Total investment income		554,868	5,988,336
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Audit fees		(11,057)	(16,000)
Investment administration fees		(12,196)	(12,260)
Investment committee fees		(33,639)	(72,074)
Insurance fees		(6,761)	(8,337)
Management fees		(153,485)	(180,527)
Registry fees		(5,249)	(5,078)
Tax compliance fees		(9,658)	(8,250)
Other expenses		(1,336)	(1,954)
Total operating expenses		(233,381)	(304,480)
Profit for the financial year, representing total			
comprehensive income for the financial year		321,487	5,683,856

The above Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



VANTAGE PRIVATE EQUITY GROWTH TRUST 2A STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2023

	NOTE	2023 \$	2022 \$
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	3	2,126,722	2,057,353
Receivables	4	6,206	153,303
Total current assets		2,132,928	2,210,656
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Investments at fair value through profit or loss	5	21,415,447	26,962,971
Total non-current assets		21,415,447	26,962,971
Total assets		23,548,375	29,173,627
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	6	(81,519)	(71,756)
Total current liabilities		(81,519)	(71,756)
Total liabilities		(81,519)	(71,756)
Net assets		23,466,856	29,101,871
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS			
Unitholders capital	7	27,075,010	27,075,010
Retained earnings	8	34,548,845	34,227,358
Distributions paid to Unitholders	9	(38,156,999)	(32,200,497)
Total equity attributable to Unitholders		23,466,856	29,101,871

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.





VANTAGE PRIVATE EQUITY GROWTH TRUST 2A STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

NOTE	UNITHOLDERS CAPITAL \$	RETAINED EARNINGS \$	DISTRIBUTIONS TO UNITHOLDERS \$	TOTAL \$
Balance at 1 July 2021	27,075,010	28,543,502	(14,601,743)	41,016,769
TRANSACTIONS WITH UNITHOLDERS, IN THEIR CAPACITY AS UNITHOLDERS				
Distributions paid/payable during the financial year 9	-	-	(17,598,754)	(17,598,754)
Total transactions with Unitholders	27,075,010	28,543,502	(32,200,497)	23,418,015
Profit for the year, representing total comprehensive income for the financial year	-	5,683,856	-	5,683,856
Balance at 30 June 2022	27,075,010	34,227,358	(32,200,497)	29,101,871
TRANSACTIONS WITH UNITHOLDERS, IN THEIR CAPACITY AS UNITHOLDERS Distributions paid/payable during the financial year 9	_	_	(5,956,502)	(5,956,502)
Total transactions with Unitholders		-	(5,956,502)	(5,956,502)
Profit for the financial year, representing total comprehensive income for the financial year	-	321,487	-	321,487
Balance at 30 June 2023	27,075,010	34,548,845	(38,156,999)	23,466,856

The above Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



VANTAGE PRIVATE EQUITY GROWTH TRUST 2A STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Cash flows from operating activities		
Distribution incomes received	6,769,312	21,269,455
Interest received	13,645	30
Expenses paid	(118,167)	(277,905)
Net cash from operating activities	6,664,790	20,991,580
Cash flows from investing activities		
Payments for investments at fair value through profit or loss	(638,919)	(2,013,818)
Net cash used in investing activities	(638,919)	(2,013,818)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Distributions paid	(5,956,502)	(17,598,754)
Net cash used in financing activities	(5,956,502)	(17,598,754)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	69,369	1,379,008
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the financial year	2,057,353	678,345
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the financial year	2,126,722	2,057,353

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.





NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

NOTE 1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial reporting framework and statement of compliance

Vantage Private Equity Growth Trust 2A ("the Fund") is an Australian unit trust established and domiciled in Australia. The Fund is not a reporting entity as in the opinion of the directors of Vantage Asset Management Pty Limited ("the Trustee") there are unlikely to exist any users of the financial report who are unable to command the preparation of reports tailored so as to satisfy specifically all of their information needs. Accordingly, this special purpose financial report has been prepared to satisfy the reporting requirements under the Fund's Trust Deed.

The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars and were authorised for issue on 26 October 2023.

As the Fund has prepared a special purpose financial report to satisfy the reporting requirements under the Trust Deed, it has not complied with the full recognition, measurement, or disclosure requirements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board. Therefore, this special purpose financial report does not comply to all the requirements of the International Financial Reporting Standards. This financial report contains the disclosures deemed necessary by the Trustee to meet the needs of the Unitholders and is not intended for any other purpose.

Significant accounting policies

Significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. Accounting policies have been consistently applied to the period presented, unless otherwise stated.

Basis of Preparation

The financial report is prepared on an accruals basis and is based on historical costs, except for the revaluation of certain financial instruments which are carried at their fair values. Cost is based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

Adoption of new and revised accounting standards

There are no standards, interpretations or amendments to existing standards that are effective for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 July 2022 that have a material impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods or will affect the current or future periods.

Any new or amended Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

NOTE 1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

a) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash at banks and on hand. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

b) Investment income

i) Distribution income

Distributions are recognised as revenue when the right to receive payment is established. Distribution income includes return of capital and capital gains arising from the disposal of underlying investments.

ii) Interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method.

iii) Net changes in fair value of investments through profit or loss

Profits and losses realised from the sale of investments and unrealised gains and losses on securities held at fair value are included in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income in the year they are incurred. Unrealised gains and losses are not assessable or distributable until realised.

c) Investments in financial instruments

Financial instruments are measured at net assets attributable to interest holders as noted in the underlying investees' audited financial statements adjusted for carried interest, with changes in the value being recognised directly to profit or loss. The Fund's portfolio of financial assets is managed and its performance is evaluated on this basis.

At initial recognition, the Fund measures financial assets at cost. Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial instruments are measured at net assets attributable to interest holders as noted in the underlying investees' audited financial statements adjusted for carried interest. Gains and losses arising from changes in the value of the financial assets are presented in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income in the period in which they arise. All transaction costs for such instruments are recognised directly in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

Investments are derecognised when the right to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Fund has transferred substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership.

d) Expenses

Expenses are brought to account on an accruals basis.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

NOTE 1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

e) Distributions and taxation

Under current legislation, the Fund is not subject to income tax as its taxable income (including assessable realised capital gains) is distributed in full to the unitholders.

The Fund fully distributes its distributable income, calculated in accordance with the Fund's Trust Deed and applicable taxation legislation and any other amounts determined by the Trustee, to unitholders by cash or reinvestment

Financial instruments held at fair value may include unrealised capital gains. Should such a gain be realised that portion of the gain that is subject to capital gains tax will be distributed so that the Fund is not subject to capital gains tax.

Realised capital losses are not distributed to unitholders but are retained in the Fund to be offset against any future realised capital gain. If realised capital gains exceed realised capital losses the excess is distributed to the Unitholders.

The benefits of imputation credits and passed on to unitholders.

f) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are measured at amortised cost less any impairment.

g) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included with other receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

The GST incurred on the costs of various services provided to the Fund such as audit fees, custodial services and investment management fees have been passed onto the Fund. The Company qualifies for Reduced Input Tax Credits.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the taxation authority, are presented as operating cash flows.

h) Comparative figures

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

NOTE 1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

i) Foreign currency transactions

Both the functional and presentation of the Fund is Australian dollars.

Monetary assets and liabilities dominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance date.

Investments held in foreign trusts are initially recorded in the functional currency at the exchange rate ruling at the date of transaction. Any subsequent effects of exchange rate fluctuations are treated as part of the fair value adjustment.

j) Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings or payables. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs. The Fund's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings.

Subsequent measurement -Financial liabilities at amortised cost

After initial recognition, financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate.

The effective interest rate amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit or loss.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

k) Carried interest

Carried interest is the entitlement of the Trustee of the distribution from the Fund calculated and distributed in accordance with the Trust Deed.

In instances where the Fund has met all the criteria for carried interest to be distributed to the Trustee, an allocation will be recognised.

l) Critical accounting estimates and judgments

In the application of the Fund's accounting policies, the trustee is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Management continually bases its judgements, estimates and assumptions on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. The accounting judgements and estimates will seldom equal the related actual results. The judgements, estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed helow.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

NOTE 1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

l) Critical accounting estimates and judgments (CONT.)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the balance date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year:

i) Valuation of financial instruments

The valuation of investments is based upon the net assets attributable to interest holders as noted in the underlying investees' audited financial statements adjusted for carried interest. Each investee fund will select an appropriate valuation technique for financial instruments that are not quoted in an active market. This valuation is based upon a fair estimation of values which are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgement (e.g. interest rates, market volatility, investment stage, estimated cash flows etc.) as determined by the Manager of the investees.

The carried interest, which may be part of the underlying investees' valuation, will be adjusted from the values adopted by the Fund as the Trustee deem it more appropriate for the Fund to include the carried interest when it crystallises.

ii) Fair value information

The fair values of financial assets in the underlying investees are determined by reference to active market transactions where possible, however the majority of managed investee companies are unlisted Australian companies and there are no direct, guoted market prices available.

In this case, fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time, based on market conditions and information about the specific financial instrument. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgement (e.g. interest rates, market volatility, investment stage, estimated cash flows etc) and therefore cannot be determined with precision.

Valuations are inherently based on forward looking estimates and judgements about the underlying business, its market and the environment in which it operates.

iii) Fair estimation of values

Where new investments are made within the reporting year and no significant changes have occurred in the underlying business since acquisition, the investment may be maintained at cost or the basis above.

Estimated valuations for other entities are primarily based on multiples of EBITDA or EBIT, depending on the industry for each investee. In estimating the valuations, a range of multiples is used to determine a range of outcomes. EBITDA or EBIT are based on forward estimates of the investees' performance based on past, present and future views of performance.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

NOTE 2. DISTRIBUTION INCOME

2023	2022
\$	\$

Distribution income 6,769,312 21,417,077

NOTE 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash at bank 2,126,722 2,057,353

Reconciliation of cash

CASH AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR AS SHOWN IN THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT IS RECONCILED TO ITEMS IN THE BALANCE SHEET AS FOLLOWS.

Cash and cash equivalents 2,126,722 2,057,353

NOTE 4. RECEIVABLES

Current

GST receivable	6,206	5,681
Distribution receivable	-	147,622
Total receivables	6,206	153,303





NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

NOTE 5. INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

NOTE	2023	202
	\$	

NON-CURRENT

INTERESTS IN UNLISTED PRIVATE EQUITY FUNDS / LIMITED PARTNERSHIPS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS:

5а	21,415,447	26,962,971

a) Movements in fair values

Investments at fair value at beginning of the financial year

Calls paid to underlying investee funds during the financial year Net changes in fair value of investments through profit or loss

Investments at fair value at the end of the financial year

26,962,971	40,377,924

680,565 2,013,818

(6,228,089) (15,428,771) **21.415.447** 26.962.971

b) Net investment revaluations includes the impact of distributions received during the financial year represented by:

Distributions received/receivable during the financial year The Fund's share of movement during the financial year

Net changes in fair value of investments through profit or loss

(6,769,312) (21,417,077) **541,223** 5,988,306

(6,228,089) (15,428,771)

c) The Fund has committed capital to underlying funds amounting to \$37.4m (2022: \$37.4m). As at 30 June 2023, the amount of uncalled capital owing to underlying funds was \$4.5m (2022: \$5.1m). The Fund has committed capital to foreign investments amounting to NZ\$4,542,400 in New Zealand (2022: NZ\$4,542,400).



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

NOTE 6. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Current		
Accounts payable	17,401	25,991
Accruals	22,472	45,765
Other creditors and accruals	41,646	-
Total trade and other payables	81,519	71,756

NOTE 7. UNITHOLDERS CAPITAL

2023 PAID CAPITAL PER PARTLY PAID UNIT	2022 PAID CAPITAL PER PARTLY PAID UNIT	2023 \$	2022 \$
\$1.00	\$1.00	27,075,010	27,075,010

27,075,010 units issued

A total of 27,075,010 units were issued since the beginning of the previous financial year. No additional units were issued during the financial year as it has been fully drawn since the beginning of the previous financial year.

All interests in the Fund are of the same class and carry equal rights. Under the Fund's Trust Deed, each interest represents a right to an individual share in the Fund and does not extend to a right to the underlying assets of the Fund.

NOTE 8. RETAINED EARNINGS

	2023 \$	2022 \$
Retained earnings 34,	548,845	34,227,358
Movement		
Opening balance 34,	227,358	28,543,502
Net operating income for the financial year	321,487	5,683,856
Closing balance	548,845	34,227,358





NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

NOTE 9. DISTRIBUTIONS PAID TO UNITHOLDERS

			2023 \$	2022 \$
Distributions paid			38,156,999	32,200,497
Movement				
	2023 \$ PER PARTLY PAID UNIT	2022 \$ PER PARTLY PAID UNIT	2023 \$	2022 \$
Opening balance	\$1.189	\$0.539	32,200,497	14,601,743
Distributions payable paid during the financial year	\$0.220	\$0.650	5,956,502	17,598,754
Closing balance	\$1.409	\$1.189	38,156,999	32,200,497

NOTE 10. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS

Contingent Liabilities

There are no contingent liabilities requiring disclosure in the financial report.

Contingent Assets

There are no contingent assets requiring disclosure in the financial report.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

NOTE 11. NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS		
	2023	2022
	ş.	•
Reconciliation of profit or loss for the period to net cash flows from operating activities		
Net operating profit for the financial year	321,487	5,683,856
NON-CASH FLOWS IN PROFIT		
Net changes in fair value of investments through profit or loss	6,228,089	15,428,771
CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES:		
Changes in receivables	147,097	(147,245)
Changes in trade and other payables	(31,883)	26,198
Cash flow from operations	6,664,790	20,991,580

NOTE 12. EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

There have not been any matters or circumstances that have arisen since the end of the financial year that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the results of those operations of the Fund in future financial years.

NOTE 13. TRUSTEE AND MANAGER DETAILS

The registered office and principal place of business of Vantage Asset Management Pty Ltd is:

Level 39, Aurora Place 88 Phillip Street Sydney NSW 2000 Australia





DIRECTORS' DECLARATION OF THE TRUSTEE COMPANY

As detailed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Fund is not a reporting entity because in the opinion of the directors, there are unlikely to exist users of the financial report who are unable to command the preparation of reports tailored so as to satisfy specifically all of their information needs. Accordingly, this special purpose financial report has been prepared to satisfy the directors' reporting requirements under the Fund's Trust Deed.

The directors of Vantage Asset Management Pty Limited also declare that:

- a) in the directors' opinion, the attached financial statements and notes, as set out on pages 22 to 35, present fairly the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2023 and of its performance for the year ended on that date and comply with accounting standards to the extent disclosed in Note 1 to the financial statements; and
- b) in the director's opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Fund will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors' of the Trustee, Vantage Asset Management Pty Limited.

Michael Tobin
Managing Director

Sydney 26 October 2023 David Pullini
Director





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



Ernst & Young 200 George Street Sydney NSW 2000 Australia GPO Box 2646 Sydney NSW 2001

Tel: +61 2 9248 5555 Fax: +61 2 9248 595

Independent Auditor's Report to the members of Vantage Private Equity Growth Trust 2A

Opinion

We have audited the financial report, being a special purpose financial report, of Vantage Private Equity Growth Trust 2A (the "Fund"), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2023, the statement of profit or loss and comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report is prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the accounting policies determined by the Trustee as described in Note 1 to the financial statements.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards) (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter - Basis of Accounting and Restriction on Distribution

We draw attention to Note 1 to the financial statements which describes the basis of accounting. The financial report is prepared to assist the Fund to meet the requirements of the Trust Deed. As a result, the financial report may not be suitable for another purpose. Our report is intended solely for the Fund and the directors of Vantage Asset Management Pty Limited as Trustee of the Fund (the "Trustee") (collectively the "Recipients") and should not be distributed to parties other than the Recipients. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Trustee are responsible for the preparation of the financial report in accordance with the financial reporting requirements of the Trust Deed and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

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In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information is the directors' report accompanying the Trustee and Managers report.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud
 or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
 that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
 material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud
 may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of
 internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

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Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Ernst & Young Sydney

26 October 2023

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ANNUAL REPORT

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